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青藏高原湖泊水化学与盐度的相关性初步研究 [点此下载全文](#)

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摘要:

本文综合分析了青藏高原地区400多个湖泊的水化学成分( $Mg^{2+}$ 、 $Ca^{2+}$ 、 $Sr^{2+}$ 、 $Sr/Ca$ 和 $Mg/Ca$ )与湖水盐度变化(不同采样时间和采样点以及蒸发实验)而产生的变化规律。认为:在青藏高原湖泊中, $Mg^{2+}$ 与盐度而 $Ca^{2+}$ 、 $Sr^{2+}$ 、 $Sr/Ca$ 以及 $Mg/Ca$ 与盐度的相关性较弱且不稳定。而在特定的水化学类型的湖泊中,碳酸盐型湖泊均没有明显的相关性。硫酸盐型湖泊中 $Mg^{2+}$ 和盐度呈现较高的正相关关系,而 $Ca^{2+}$ 以及 $Mg/Ca$ 与盐度的相关性仍与盐度呈更强的正相关关系, $Ca^{2+}$ 与盐度也呈一定的正相关关系,而 $Mg/Ca$ 与盐度的相关性依然很弱。在特定盐度的相关性仍然不稳定或很弱,而 $Mg^{2+}$ 与盐度仍然保持明显的正相关关系。在青藏高原利用湖相沉积恢复特定 $Mg^{2+}$ 浓度是湖水古盐度一个较好的转换指标,而在应用 $Mg/Ca$ 这一指标时应谨慎。

关键词: [青藏高原](#) [湖泊](#)  [\$Mg^{2+}\$](#)   [\$Mg/Ca\$](#)  [盐度](#) [相关性](#)

Priliminary study on relationship between hydrochemistry and salinity of lakes in the Qinghai-Tibetan Plateau [Download Fulltext](#)

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Abstract:

Relationship between hydrochemistry ( $Mg^{2+}$ ,  $Ca^{2+}$ ,  $Sr^{2+}$ ,  $Sr/Ca$  and  $Mg/Ca$ ) and salinity of more than 400 lakes in the Qinghai-Tibetan Plateau were analyzed. And its variation characteristics (differing from different time, as well as Natural Evaporation) were also discussed.  $Mg^{2+}$  showed a stable positive relationship with salinity in the Qinghai-Tibetan Plateau. While  $Ca^{2+}$ ,  $Sr^{2+}$ ,  $Sr/Ca$  and  $Mg/Ca$  showed poor and unstable relationship with salinity. In carbonate type specified lakes, however, it differed remarkably from different water type lakes. No clear relationship between  $Mg^{2+}$ ,  $Ca^{2+}$  and  $Mg/Ca$  and salinity in carbonate type lakes.  $Mg^{2+}$  showed positive relationship with salinity in carbonate type lakes, and  $Ca^{2+}$  and  $Mg/Ca$  remained poor relationship with salinity. While in chloride type lakes,  $Mg^{2+}$  showed positive relationship with salinity, and  $Ca^{2+}$  also showed positive relationship to some extent with salinity. In a single lake,  $Ca^{2+}$  and  $Mg/Ca$  still showed unstable relationship with salinity, while  $Mg^{2+}$  still kept remarkable positive relationship with salinity. It was concluded that  $Mg^{2+}$  concentration is a good indicator for paleosalinity reconstruction in the Qinghai-Tibetan Plateau. Care should be taken with  $Mg/Ca$  in paleoenvironment and paleoclimate.

Keywords: [the Qinghai-Tibetan Plateau](#) [lakes](#)  [\$Mg^{2+}\$](#)   [\$Mg/Ca\$](#)  [salinity](#) [relationship](#)