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鄂西利川复向斜南部储层矿物包体与油气生盖运聚关系 [点此下载全文](#)

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摘要:

应用相邻生油层生油条件的好坏和“恢复有机碳全岩热模拟法”计算生烃量与储层包体对比,发现利川复体的有机包体富集程度可定性反映生油层的优劣,生油层好者有机包体丰富,反之则差。同样,利用相邻储层有
好坏,在一定程度上也可判别相应盖层条件挂否。包体均一温度经压力校正后,可明显看出各储层油气的运移着
气的初次聚集,各储层并不完全

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Relation between Reservoir Mineral Inclusions and Oil-Gas Generation-Capping, Migration and Accumulation in the Southern Part of the Lichuan Synclinorium, Western Hubei [Download Fulltext](#)

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Fund Project:

Abstract:

In light of the merits of the petroleum generation conditions of the adjacent source beds and the hydrocarbon yield calculated with the heat simulation method, the relation between reservoir mineral inclusions with the hydrocarbon yield calculated with the heat simulation method and the rock organic

Keywords: [Carboniferous](#) [Permian](#) [inclusion](#) [oil-gas migration and accumulation](#) [Lichuan](#) [Hubei](#)

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