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摘要:

本文报道了鲁东和鲁西新生代碱性玄武岩13个样品的Nd、Sr同位素组成,-(143)Nd/-(144)Nd=0.512967—0.49—0.70450。它们在地质剖面上呈现规律性变化,可能与其地幔源区同位素组成的层状分带有关。鲁西地幔源区上地地幔源区在演化中都曾发生过地幔交代(或富集)作用,根据玄武岩Nd同位素模式年龄估计地幔交代作用发生的时

关键词: 钕同位素 锶同位素 碱性玄武岩 山东省

Zhi Xi achen Chen Daogong Zhang Zongqi ng Wang Ji nhui

Fund Project:

Abstract:

Cenozoic alkali basaltic rocks at the Wuliqiao-Chishan section of the Penglaiarea, eastern Sh Baogushan-Jiaoyeshan-Xiaoyaoshan section ofthe Lingqu area, western Shandong, are composed of olivi alkali olivine basalts, some of which contain spinel Therzolite xenoliths andmegacrysts. The neodym compositions of 13 samples are reportedin the paper, and their variation ranges are as follows: ~(1 0.512771 and ~(87)Sr/~(86)Sr=0.70405-0.70448 in the Penglai area, eastern Shandong, and ~(143)Nd/~(and ~(87)Sr/~(86)Sr=0.70349-0.70450 in the Lingjuarea, western Shandong. It is evident that the Sr compositions in the mantle sourcesbeneath both areas are heterogenous based on the isotope composit Penglai and Lingqu. The most depelted mantle component in theLingqu area is similar to PREMA-type m oceanicmantle. This end component is of important significance in the origin of Cenozoiccontinental China. From the decoupling between the isotopic compositions and the trace elementabundance pattern beneath both areas, it is inferred thatmantle metasomatism (or trace element enrichment) had occurr The time of mantle metasomatism is estimated at 0.45 Ga by means of the Nd isotope model age of alka

Keywords: Nd isotopes Sr isotopes alkalic bisalts Shandong

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