

For example, previous research has demonstrated the existence of a network of political actors in the area where residents predominantly reside and in areas where individuals have moved to or returned from. The presence of such actors can affect the behavior of citizens and the conservation of cultural and natural resources. For instance, the presence of certain actors can lead to the protection of certain areas, while the absence of others can lead to the degradation of natural resources. This study aims to examine the relationship between the presence of certain actors and the behavior of citizens in terms of the protection of cultural and natural resources.

The study uses a mixed-method approach, combining quantitative and qualitative data collection methods. Quantitative data is collected through surveys and interviews, while qualitative data is collected through case studies and document analysis. The study also uses a comparative approach, comparing the behavior of citizens in different areas where residents predominantly reside and in areas where individuals have moved to or returned from. The results of the study will provide insights into the factors that influence the behavior of citizens in terms of the protection of cultural and natural resources, and will contribute to the development of policies and programs aimed at promoting sustainable development and conservation.