

## 中国科学院地理科学与资源研究所

Institute of Geographic Sciences and Natural Resources Research, CAS

English

首 页 | 研究所介绍 | 机构设置 | 科研队伍 | 科学研究 | 合作交流 | 研究生教育 | 创新文化 | 所图书馆

.:>

今天是: 2008年4月1日 星期二

+25

站内搜索 ...

•

0



地理学报(英文版) 2004年第14卷第4期

\*:>

Coastline configuration and geomorphologic development mode of arcshaped coast in South China

作者: DAI Zhijun LI Chunchu

Coastline configuration indexes of 34 typical arc-shaped coasts in South China are investigated by the method of prin cipal component analysis, and meanwhile deposition and geomorphologic features of arc-shaped coast are also analyze d. The results show: (1) The configuration of arc-shaped coast in South China is of the characteristic of variabilit y and complexity. (2) The wave power and the openings of the bay are the decisive factors to result in the changes of the configuration of the arc-shaped coast in South China, however, incidence direction of the wave has no effect on configuration development of the coast. (3) Commonly, geomorphologic modes of the arc-shaped coast system in South China consist of barriers, lagoons and tidal-inlets, and can be divided into four types: the openings of the bay leaning to the east, the openings of the bay leaning to the south, the openings of the bay leaning to the west and the openings of the bay leaning to the north.

Paper (PDF)

关键词: coastline configuration; geomorphologic mode; arc-shaped coast; South China; principal component analysis doi: 10.1360/gs040410