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Findings through the AsiaFlux network and a view toward the future

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The preliminary results of long-term CO₂ flux measurements at forest sites in East Asia are explained and compared with each other. The features of seasonal variation of CO₂ fluxes are different among deciduous-broadleaf, evergreen-coniferous, deciduous-coniferous and tropical forests in East Asia, and the causes of difference are discussed. The integrated yearly NEP (net ecosystem production) estimated from the CO₂ flux by eddy covariance method in various forests of East Asia has a notable difference in the range of 2 to 8 tC ha⁻¹ yr⁻¹. The main factors of this difference are the annual mean temperature and tree species. Furthermore, the remaining issues are discussed, such as the quantitative estimation of the CO₂ flux by the eddy covariance method and the synthetic analysis of the carbon budget under collaborations with biological survey.

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关键词: net ecosystem production; forest sites; carbon budget; synthetic analysis doi: 10.1360/gso50202