地球物理学校

CHINESE JOURNAL OF GEOPHYSICS

首页 |

文章快速检索

联系我们

_ ..

期刊介绍 |

| 投稿指南 |

期刊订阅 | 广告合作 | 留 言 板

English

地球物理学报 » 2012, Vol. 55 » Issue (3):937-943

地球动力学★ 地震学★ 地磁学

最新目录 | 下期目录 | 过刊浏览 | 高级检索

<< Previous Articles | Next Articles >

引用本文:

王红春, 靳平, 何燕.基于三分向台站波形的重复地下爆炸相关检测[J] 地球物理学报, 2012, V55(3): 937-943, DOI: 10.6038/j.issn.0001-5733.2012.03.023

WANG Hong-Chun, JIN Ping, HE Yan. Cross-correlation detection of repeating underground explosions using three-component stations. Chinese J. Geophys. (in Chinese), 2012, V55(3): 937-943, DOI: 10.6038/j.issn.0001-5733.2012.03.023

基于三分向台站波形的重复地下爆炸相关检测

王红春^{1,2}, 靳平¹, 何燕¹*

- 1. 西北核技术研究所, 西安 710024;
- 2. 中国科学技术大学地球与空间科学学院,合肥 230026

Cross-correlation detection of repeating underground explosions using three-component stations

WANG Hong-Chun^{1,2}, JIN Ping¹, HE Yan¹*

- 1. Northwest Institute of Nuclear Technology, Xi'an 710024, China;
- 2. School of Earth and Space Science, University of Science and Technology of China, Hefei 230026, China

摘要 参考文献 相关文章

Download: PDF (512KB) HTML KB Export: BibTeX or EndNote (RIS) Supporting Info

摘要 在将相关检测方法应用于三分向台站记录数据时不能采用台阵数据检测时所使用的基于相关系数束慢度估计的虚假触发筛查方法来控制误检测.为此,本文根据重复事件的震中位置本身固定,各台站记录到的重复事件信号之间的到时差与相应参考事件的信号到时差基本相同的特性,根据两个以上三分向台站的相关检测触发到时差筛查相关检测虚假触发,从而解决了相关检测方法在应用于三分向台站数据时虚假触发过多的问题.利用新疆的三个三分向台站一个月的连续数据对该方法进行测试的结果表明,该方法能在接近零误检率的情况下对重复地下爆炸进行检测.

关键词: 三分向台站 重复地下爆炸 相关检测

Abstract: The false detection can't be eliminated with the slowness estimation method of the array data cross-correlation detection when the detection method is applied to three-component station records. Due to the fixed epicenter of the repeated events, the arrival time differences of repeated events between different stations are equal to that of the template event. The false detections are screened out based on the triggering time difference conditions of template event between different three-component stations. This cross-correlation detection method overcomes the problem of high false-alarm rate for the detection of three-component station records. We have tested this method with mining blasts in Qitai County, Xinjiang, China using continuous records of three 3-component stations. The results obtained show that very high detection rate for blasts close to the template event can be achieved without false alarming.

Keywords: Three-component station Repeating underground explosion Cross-correlation detection

Received 2011-11-29;

Fund: 禁核试核查国防预先研究项目(513310101-1)资助.

Corresponding Authors: 靳平 Email: jinping6608@tom.com

链接本文:

http://118.145.16.227/geophy/CN/10.6038/j.issn.0001-5733.2012.03.023 或

http://118.145.16.227/geophy/CN/Y2012/V55/I3/937

Service

- 把本文推荐给朋友
- 加入我的书架
- 加入引用管理器
- Email Alert

RSS

作者相关文章

王红春

靳平

何燕