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## 重力卫星GRACE检测出2010年智利 $M_w$ 8.8地震的同震重力变化

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Gravity satellite GRACE detects coseismic gravity changes caused by 2010 Chile  $M_w$ 8.8 earthquake

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摘要

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**摘要** 本研究通过对重力卫星GRACE观测数据的处理,采用去相关加300 km半径的高斯平滑,成功地提取了2010智利 $M_w$ 8.8地震所产生的重力变化信号,最大变化幅度达到7  $\mu$ Gal,并且与位错理论计算结果具有较好的一致性。这是继GRACE检测出2004苏门答腊 $M_9.3$ 地震重力变化后的又一个卫星观测地震的例证,说明GRACE具有检测出 $M < 9.0$ 量级地震的能力,为利用GRACE研究地震以及其更广泛的应用提供了可靠的依据。

**关键词:** GRACE 同震重力变化 智利地震 位错理论

**Abstract:** The study successfully processed GRACE data using de-correlation and 300km radius Gaussian smoothing and extracted the coseismic gravity changes caused by the 2010 Chile  $M_w$ 8.8 earthquake. The peak to peak amplitude is 7  $\mu$ Gal for gravity and the results agree well with that calculated using a dislocation theory for a spherical earth model. It is a new illustration of GRACE in detecting coseismic signals since it successfully detected the coseismic gravity changes caused by the 2004 Sumatra  $M_9.3$  earthquake. The result reported in this paper implies that GRACE is capable of detecting a coseismic signal caused by a magnitude  $M < 9.0$  earthquake, and it is expected a wide application in studying seismic mechanism and other geophysical investigations.

**Keywords:** GRACE Coseismic gravity changes Chile earthquake Dislocation theory

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