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Oceanic influence on atmospheric mercury at coastal and inland sites: a springtime noreaster in New England

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Abstract. Continuous measurements of elemental (Hg⁰) and reactive

mercury were conducted at two sites in New Hampshire during a powerful April 2007 noreaster. During the most intense period of the storm, enhancements of $\sim\!30-50$ ppqv in ${\rm Hg^0}$ were observed at a coastal and a high elevation inland site. This enhancement occurred simultaneously with elevated mixing ratios of three marine tracers, ${\rm CH_3I}$, ${\rm CH_2Br_2}$ and ${\rm CHBr_3}$. These observations suggest a marine source of ${\rm Hg^0}$, possibly outgassing from the ocean surface during strong turbulence. The ${\rm Hg^0}$ enhancement observed 100 km inland suggests that the impact of coastal storms on terrestrial Hg cycling may not be limited to near-shore environments. Combining ${\rm Hg^0}$ and marine tracer measurements during the storm with estimates of oceanic tracer fluxes during previous strong storms yields an order-of-magnitude estimate of the oceanic source of ${\rm Hg^0}$ during the storm ($\sim\!7$ ppqv ${\rm h^{-1}}$) which can account for the observed enhancement at the field sites.

■ Final Revised Paper (PDF, 762 KB) ■ Discussion Paper (ACPD)

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