掺硅对γ-Fe2O3微粒的结构和磁性能的影响

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摘要 本文采用掺硅制得了小尺寸的含硅y-Fe2O3微粒。基于Furuhashi方法对不同硅含量的掺硅y-Fe2O3微粒进行了X射线衍射结构研究。结果表明,随着硅含量增加,晶胞参数逐渐减小,表明形成掺硅y-Fe2O3固溶体。掺入的Si^4^+阳离子有很强的占据类尖晶石结构中四面体位的趋势,对氧参数及四面体位和八面体位的平均间隙大小也有一定影响。本文还利用Stokes和Wilson公式计算了掺硅晶粒大小和晶格畸变的影响。发现随着掺硅量增大,晶粒尺寸明显减小,晶格畸变变化不大。最后对掺硅y-Fe2O3磁粉的矫顽力和比饱和磁化强度作了详细的分析和讨论。

关键词 硅 X射线衍射分析 氧化铁 掺杂 磁性

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Influence of silicon doping on the structure and the magnetic property of γ -Fe2O3 particle

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Abstract The structure of Si-doped γ -Fe2O3 small particles prepard by doping with different silicon content has ben investigated by X-ray diffraction based on Furuhashi method. The results show that the lattice parameters decrease continuously with increasing silicon content, which suggests an evidence of a solid solution for Si-doped γ -Fe2O3. The Si^4^+ cation in the like-spinels appears a strong tendency to distribution in the tetrahedral site. The oxygen parameter as well as the mean size of interstices of tetrahedral and octahedral also appears a certain influence of silicon doping. Additionally, grain sizes and lattice distortions of the samples which were calculated following the Stokes and Wilson formula indicate a significant decrease for the grain size with increasing silicon content and a little change for the lattice distortion. Finally, the coercivity and saturation magnetization of the Si-doped γ -Fe2O3 particles are discussed.

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