二{氧合-二[2-呋喃甲酸二苄基锡(IV)]}的合成、性质及晶体结构

尹汉东,王传华,马春林

聊城大学化学系

收稿日期 修回日期 网络版发布日期 接受日期

摘要 以二苄基氧化锡和2-呋喃基羧酸反应,合成了新的化合物二[氧合-二[2—呋喃 甲酸二苄基锡 (IV)]}. 生物活性测试结果表明,该配合物具有较强的体外抗癌活性. X射线单晶衍射测定表明,配合物是以Sn2O2四元环为中心的、中心对称的二聚体 结构,内环锡为六配位的畸变八面体结构,外环锡为五配位的加帽畸变三角双锥结 构.

关键词 晶体结构 呋喃甲酸 P 有机锡化合物 抗癌药 生物活性

分类号 R914

Synthesis, Anti-tumour Properties and Crystal Structure of Bis $\{$ oxo-bis[(2-furylcarboxylato) dibenzyltin(IV) $]\}$

Yin Handong, Wang Chuanhua, Ma Chunlin

Department of Chemistry, Liaocheng University

Abstract Bis { oxo-bis [(2-furylcarboxylato) dibenzyltin (IV)] } was synthesized by the reaction of 2-furylcarboxylic acid with the (PhCH2) 2SnO. The compound was tested against two human tumour cell lines: MCF- 7 and WiDr. The results showed that this compound had higher activities in vitro. The crystal structure was determined by X-ray diffraction study. The compound possesses centrosymmetric dimer structure mode with a four-member central endocyclic Sn2O2 unit in which the bridged oxygen atoms are tri-coordinated. Each bridged oxygen atom also connects with an era-cyclic tin atom. The endo-cyc\ic tin atoms are six-coordination and have coordination geometry of distorted octahedron. The ew-cyclic tin atoms are five-coordinate and have coordination geometry of monocapped trigonal bipyramid with very similarly distorted mode.

Key wordsCRYSTAL STRUCTUREFURANCARBOXYLIC ACID PORGANO TIN COMPOUNDSANTICARCINOGENBIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

DOI:

通讯作者

扩展功能

本文信息

- ▶ Supporting info
- ▶ **PDF**(0KB)
- ▶[HTML全文](0KB)
- ▶参考文献

服务与反馈

- ▶把本文推荐给朋友
- ▶加入我的书架
- ▶加入引用管理器
- ▶复制索引
- ► Email Alert
- ▶文章反馈
- ▶ 浏览反馈信息

相关信息

- ▶ <u>本刊中 包含"晶体结构"的</u> 相关文章
- ▶本文作者相关文章
- 尹汉东
- 王传华
- 马春林