

[本期目录](#) | [下期目录](#) | [过刊浏览](#) | [高级检索](#)[\[打印本页\]](#) [\[关闭\]](#)**生命科学****顶空气相色谱法测定人参根皂苷中的大孔吸附树脂残留物**宋利捷 ¹, 郑波 ², 陈新 ³

1. 吉林省中医药科学院 药剂科, 长春 130021; 2. 白求恩医科大学制药厂, 长春 130012; 3. 吉林省消防总队医院, 长春 130061

摘要:

采用顶空气相色谱法测定人参根皂苷中大孔树脂残留物的质量浓度。色谱柱初始温度60 °C, 保持22 min, 以50 °C/min升至200 °C, 保持6 min, 氢火焰离子检测器温度为260 °C, 进样口温度220 °C; 用质量分数为40%的N,N

二甲基甲酰胺作溶剂, 载气为氮气。实验结果表明, 正己烷、苯、甲苯、对二甲苯、苯乙烯、对二乙基苯6种大孔树脂残留物在各自的质量浓度范围内呈良好的线性关系, 且回收率符合要求。

关键词: 人参根皂苷; 大孔吸附树脂; 残留物; 顶空气相色谱法

Determination of Macroporous Resin Residua in Saponins of the Roots of Panax ginseng C A Meyer by Headspace GC

SONG Li jie ¹, ZHENG Bo ², CHEN Xin ³

1. Department of Pharmacy, Jilin Academy of Chinese Medical Sciences, Changchun 130021, China;
2. Pharmaceutical Factory of Bethune University of Medical Sciences, Changchun 130012, China; 3. Fire Corps Hospital of Jilin Province, Changchun 130061, China

Abstract:

To establish headspace GC method for the determination of residua of macroporous resin in the saponins extracted from the roots of Panax ginseng C A Meyer, the chromatographic separation was performed. The column temperature was programmed, with an initial temperature of 60 °C (hold 22 min), at an increasing rate of 50 °C/min to 200 °C (hold 6 min); the injector temperature was set at 220 °C and FID detector temperature was set at 260 °C; solvent was 40% N,N Dimethyl acetamide (DMF); the carrier gas was nitrogen. All the residua including nhexane, benzene, toluene, 1,4 xylene, styrene and 1,4 diethyl benzene gave good linearities and the recoveries.

Keywords: saponins of the roots of Panax ginseng C A Meyer macroporous resin; residua; headspace GC

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通讯作者: 宋利捷

作者简介:

作者Email: 476139482@qq.com

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