研究论文

RP-HPLC-ICP-MS技术用于西洋参中多元素溶出特性及形态分析

陈军辉^{1,2}, 谢明勇¹, 王凤美³, 王小如^{3,4}, 黎先春⁴

- 1. 南昌大学食品科学教育部重点实验室, 南昌 330047;
- 2. 中国海洋大学化学化工学院, 青岛 266003;
- 3. 厦门大学现代分析科学教育部重点实验室, 厦门 361005;
- 国家海洋局第一研究所, 青岛市现代分析科技与中药标准化重点实验室, 青岛 266061

收稿日期 2005-10-12 修回日期 网络版发布日期 2006-10-11 接受日期

摘要 采用电感耦合等离子体质谱(ICP-MS)和反相高效液相色谱-电感耦合等离子体质谱联用技术(RP-HPLC-ICP-MS)对西洋参(Panax quinquefolium. L)及西洋参提取物中多种元素的含量及元素的形态进行了研究. 对西 洋参中的多种元素用水、乙醇和氯仿等不同极性的溶剂进行提取, 考察了这些元素在不同溶剂中的溶出特性, 采用 ▶ Email Alert ICP-MS法对其进行定量测定;并采用RP-HPLC-ICP-MS联用技术对西洋参水提取液中多种元素(P, Mg, AI, Ca, ▶ 文章反馈 Mn, Fe, Zn, Ni, Cu和Sr)的形态进行了分析. 结果表明, 元素提取率随提取溶剂极性的增加而增大, 特别表现在 Mq, Ca, P, Mn, Sr, Mo和Pb等元素上; 采用HPLC-ICP-MS技术在以0.1 mol/L的稀硝酸和超纯水为流动相, 流 速为0.4

mL/min, 进样量为20 μL的条件下, 各元素的无机态和有机态均得到良好分离.

西洋参 元素溶出特性 元素形态分析 反相高效液相色谱-电感耦合等离子体质谱联用技术 分类号 O657

DOI:

Element Transference Characteristics and Element Speciation Analysis in Panax quinquefolium. L by RP-HPLC-ICP-MS

CHEN Jun-Hui^{1,2}, XIE Ming-Yong¹, WANG Feng-Mei³, WANG Xiao-Ru^{3,4}, Frank S. C. LEE⁴

- 1. Key Laboratory of Food Science of Ministry of Education, Nanchang University, Nanchang 330047, China;
- 2. Faculty of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Ocean University of China, Qingdao 266003, China;
- 3. Key Laboratory of Modern Analytical Science of Ministry of Education, Xiamen University, Xiamen 361005, China;
- 4. Qingdao Key Laboratory of Analytical Technology Development and Standardization of Chinese Medicines, First Institute Oceanography of SOA, Qingdao 266061, China

Received 2005-10-12 Revised Online 2006-10-11 Accepted

Abstract Inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry (ICP-MS) and high performance liquid chromatography coupled with ICP-MS (HPLC-ICP-MS) were applied to the study of the chemical speciation of inorganic elements in Panax quinquefolium. L. Chloroform, water and ethyl alcohol were employed to extract Panax quinquefolium. L, and the extracts were then determined by ICP-MS in order to analyze the transference characteristics of the elements. The RP-HPLC-ICP-MS technique was applied for the analysis of element speciation. The results showed that the polarity of the extraction solvent affects significantly the elemental transference ratio. The transference characteristics of kinds of elements including Mg, Ca, P, Mn, Sr, Mo and Pb were in linearity proportion with the polarity of extraction solvent. The inorganic and organic species of the elements were well separated by HPLC-ICP-MS under the following conditions: C₁₈ bonded silica gel column, 0.10 mol/L nitric acid and super pure water as the mobile phase, flow rate of 0.4 mL/min and injection volume of 20 µL.

Key words Panax quinquefolium. L; Transference characteristics of element; Element speciation analysis; RP-HPLC-ICP-MS_

通讯作者:

谢明勇 myxie@ncu.edu.cn

作者个人主页: 陈军辉 $^{1;2}$: 谢明勇 1 : 王凤美 3 : 王小如 $^{3;4}$: 黎先春 4

扩展功能

本文信息

- ▶ Supporting info
- ▶ <u>PDF</u>(403KB)
- ▶ [HTML全文](OKB)
- ▶参考文献

服务与反馈

- ▶ 把本文推荐给朋友
- ▶ 加入我的书架
- ▶加入引用管理器
- ▶引用本文

- ▶浏览反馈信息

相关信息

- ▶ 本刊中 包含"西洋参"的 相关文
- 本文作者相关文章
- 陈军辉
- 谢明勇
- 王凤美
- 王小如
- · 黎先春