首 页 | 期刊简介 | 数据库收录 | 影响因子 | 编 委 会 | 期刊订阅 | 常见问题 | 联系我们 | English

色谱 » 2011, Vol. 29 » Issue (01):15-19 DOI: 10.3724/SP.J.1123.2011.00015

研究论文 最新目录 | 下期目录 | 过刊浏览 | 高级检索

<< Previous Articles | Next Articles >>

液相色谱/元素分析-同位素比值质谱联用法鉴定蜂蜜掺假

费晓庆*,吴斌,沈崇钰,丁涛,李丽花,路颖

江苏出入境检验检疫局食品实验室, 江苏 南京 210001

Honey adulteration detection using liquid chromatography/elemental analysis-isotope ratio mass spectrometry

FEI Xiaoqing*, WU Bin, SEHN Chongyu, DING Tao, LI Lihua, LU Ying

Laboratory of Food, Jiangsu Entry-Exit Inspection and Quarantine Bureau, Nanjing 210001, China

摘要 参考文献 相关文章

Download: PDF (279KB) HTML 1KB Export: BibTeX or EndNote (RIS) Supporting Info

摘要 采用液相色谱/元素分析-同位素比值质谱联用法(LC/EA-IRMS)对国内蜂蜜掺假情况进行了研究。基于测定得到的38个纯正蜂蜜样品的碳同 位素δ13C值数据,提出了纯正蜂蜜样品的δ13C值要求: 蛋白质和蜂蜜的δ13C差值(Δδ13CP-H)≥~0.95‰,果糖和葡萄糖的δ13C差值 $(\Delta \delta 13 CF-G)$ 在 $\sim 0.64‰$ 至0.53‰范围内,各个组分间的 $\delta 13 C最大差值(\Delta \delta 13 Cmax)<2.09‰。对150个日常检测样品、蜂农和蜂蜜供应$ 商的蜂蜜样品分别采用本文建立的LC/EA-IRMS和国家标准方法(EA-IRMS)进行鉴定,LC/EA-IRMS方法检出58个掺有C3或C4植物糖浆的阳性 样品,而EA-IRMS方法仅检出7个掺有C4植物糖浆的阳性样品,可见新方法大大提高了对蜂蜜掺假的鉴别能力。

关键词: 液相色谱 元素分析 同位素比值质谱 掺假 ;蜂蜜

Abstract: A new method for honey adulteration detection using liquid chromatography/elemental analysis-isotope ratio mass spectrometry (LC/EA-IRMS) was developed. Based on the individual δ 13C values detected for 38 authentic honey samples, the limits for the authentic honey samples were proposed: the δ 13C difference between protein and honey $(\Delta\delta 13$ CP-H) should be higher or equal to than \sim 0.95%, the $\delta 13$ C difference between fructose and glucose $(\Delta\delta 13$ CF-G) should be from \sim 0.64% to 0.53‰, and the maximum difference of δ 13C values between all the components $(\Delta\delta 13 \text{Cmax})$ should be lower than 2.09‰. Based on the above criteria, the 58 positive samples spiked with C4 or C3 plant sugar syrup were confirmed by LC/EA-IRMS method from 150 commercial honey samples, while only 7 samples spiked with C4 plant sugar syrup were confirmed by the official EA-IRMS method. The proposed method represents a significant improvement in comparing with the official EA-IRMS method.

Keywords: liquid chromatography (LC) elemental analysis (EA) isotope ratio mass spectrometry (IRMS)

adulteration honey

Received 2010-10-18; published 2011-01-21

Fund:

国家质量监督检验总局"食品中同位素溯源特征物质与掺假研究"课题.

Corresponding Authors: 费晓庆,硕士,工程师,研究方向为食品检测和食品掺假鉴定研究. Tel: (025)52345193, E-mail:

dii01208@163.com. Email: dii01208@163.com

引用本文:

费晓庆*, 吴斌, 沈崇钰, 丁涛, 李丽花, 路颖.液相色谱/元素分析-同位素比值质谱联用法鉴定蜂蜜掺假[J] 色谱, 2011,V29(01): 15-19

FEI Xiaoging*, WU Bin, SEHN Chongyu, DING Tao, LI Lihua, LU Ying.Honey adulteration detection using liquid chromatography/elemental analysis-isotope ratio mass spectrometry[J] Chinese Journal of Chromatography, 2011,V29(01): 15-19

链接本文:

http://www.chrom-china.com/CN/10.3724/SP.J.1123.2011.00015 http://www.chrom-china.com/CN/Y2011/V29/I01/15 Service

- ▶ 把本文推荐给朋友
- ▶ 加入我的书架
- ▶ 加入引用管理器
- ▶ Email Alert
- **▶** RSS

- ▶ 费晓庆
- ▶ 吴斌
- ▶ 沈崇钰
- ▶丁涛
- ▶ 李丽花
- ▶ 路颖

Copyright 2010 by 色谱