研究论文

烷基修饰寡聚脱氧核苷酸磷酸残基的化学合成及稳定性研究

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摘要 分别采用格氏试剂和三氯化磷三步取代法合成了4个新的烷基修饰磷酸残基的亚磷酸酰胺单体, 其结构经 ¹H NMR和³¹P NMR表征. 利用这些单体合成模型序列5'-dTTTx TT-3', 考察了单体及寡聚核苷酸序列在DNA/R NA合成条件下的稳定性,提出了固相合成含有烷基修饰磷酸残基的寡聚核苷酸序列裂解及脱保护条件.

烷基修饰 亚磷酸酰胺单体 寡聚核苷酸 高效液相色谱 稳定性 分类号 0629.74 0524+.6

Chemical Synthesis and Stability of Oligonucleotides Modif ied by Alkyl- or Alkoxy- on the Phosphonates

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Abstract Four novel phosphoramidites with isopentyl, phenethyl, isopentoxy, phenethoxy attac hed to the phosphorus residue were synthesized through Grignard reaction or a sequential t hree-step substitution on PCI₃ respectively. Four model oligonucleotides(5'-dTTT_x TT-3', where

T_v was formed by introducing each of the novel phosphoramidites above-mentioned) were pr epared with high coupling yields to study the compatibility of the new building blocks to the cu stomized DNA/RNA synthesis, and the stability of the oligonucleotides were tested under four kinds of deprotection conditions. Based on HPLC analysis and MALDI-TOF-MS measurement, t he fast-deprotection strategy(concentrated ammonia, room temperature, 4 h) was suitable fo r the solid-phase synthesis of oligonucleotides containing above new building blocks. Undoubt edly, these novel phosphoramidites could be used as the building blocks for nucleic acids rese

Key words Alkylation modification Phosphoramidite monomer Oligonucleotide HPLC Stability

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