不同分子筛的氮氯分离性能

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摘要 采用水溶液离子交换法制备了不同离子交换的13X和4A分子筛,并在25℃下测定了它们的静态吸附等温线和动态穿透曲线。研究发现,Ca~(2+)离子和Li~+离子 交换的13X和4A分子筛对氮的吸附性能都明显优于其相应的钠型分子筛,而它们对 氩的吸附量变化不大,说明这两种离子交换的分子筛是较好的氮氩分离吸附剂。从 动态吸附的结果来看,所研究的各种分子筛都有一个最优的吸附分离压力,在本论 文研究的压力范围内,这个最优压力在0.6MPa附近。通过穿透曲线推算出的混合气 体吸附量和纯气体吸附量的对比可以得出,对于氮氩吸附选择性较高的分子筛,氮 的存在对氩的吸附量有较大的影响。 关键词 分子筛 吸附 氦 氩 分离

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## Adsorptive Separation of N 2 and Ar by Different Zeolites

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Abstract The zeolites 13X and 4A were ion exchanged with different ions in water solution, then the adsorption isotherms and breakthrough curves of these zeolites were measured at 25  $^{\circ}$ C. The data demonstrate that the zeolites 13X and 4A ion-exchanged with Ca~(2+) and Li~+ have higher adsorption capacity of N\_2 than the original ones, but the Ar adsorption capacity of these ion exchanged zeolites is almost the same as that of the original ones. It is clear that these ion-exchanged zeolites have better adsorption selectivity for N\_2 than for Ar. From breakthrough curves it is known that the zeolites have a suitable pressure for adsorption separation of N\_2 and Ar. In the pressure range we studied, the best pressure is about 0.6 MPa. The adsorption capacities for N\_2 and Ar in the gas mixture can be obtained from the breakthrough curves. Compared with the adsorption capacity for pure N\_2 and Ar, It can be found that N\_2 in the mixture has a large effect on the Ar adsorption capacity of the zeolites which have higher adsorption separation selectivity for N\_2 and Ar.

Key words MOLECULAR SIEVE ADSORPTION NITROGEN ARGON ISOLATION

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