



Nuclear Theory

Rotational states in deformed nuclei: An analytic approach

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(Submitted on 8 Jun 2011)

The consequences of the spontaneous breaking of rotational symmetry are investigated in a field theory model for deformed nuclei, based on simple separable interactions. The crucial role of the Ward-Takahashi identities to describe the rotational states is emphasized. We show explicitly how the rotor picture emerges from the isoscalar Goldstone modes, and how the two-rotor model emerges from the isovector scissors modes. As an application of the formalism, we discuss the M1 sum rules in deformed nuclei, and make connection to empirical information.

Comments: 19 pages, 9 figures

Subjects: **Nuclear Theory (nucl-th)**

Cite as: [arXiv:1106.1490](#) [nucl-th]

(or [arXiv:1106.1490v1](#) [nucl-th] for this version)

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From: Wolfgang Bentz [[view email](#)]

[v1] Wed, 8 Jun 2011 03:34:46 GMT (41kb)

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