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(Help | Advanced search) arXiv.org > hep-ph > arXiv:1205.0521 All papers High Energy Physics - Phenomenology Download: PDF **From Generalized Dirac Equations** PostScript Other formats to a Candidate for Dark Energy Current browse context: hep-ph U. D. Jentschura, B. J. Wundt < prev | next > new | recent | 1205 (Submitted on 2 May 2012 (v1), last revised 12 Dec 2012 (this version, v6)) References & Citations We consider extensions of the Dirac equation with mass terms INSPIRE HEP m1+i*gamma5*m2 and i*m_1+gamma*m2. The corresponding Hamiltonians (refers to | cited by) are Hermitian and pseudo-Hermitian ("gamma5 Hermitian"), respectively. The NASA ADS fundamental spinor solutions for all generalized Dirac equations are found in Bookmark(what is this?) the helicity basis and brought into concise analytic form. We postulate that the time-ordered product of field operators should yield the Feynman propagator 📃 🛈 X 🚾 🖬 🖬 😴 (i*epsilon prescription), and we also postulate that the tardyonic as well as tachyonic Dirac equations should have a smooth massless limit. These postulates lead to sum rules that connect the form of the fundamental field anticommutators with the tensor sums of the fundamental plane-wave eigenspinors and the projectors over positive-energy and negative-energy states. In the massless case, the sum rules are fulfilled by two egregiously

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simple, distinguished functional forms. The first sum rule remains valid in the case of a tardyonic theory and leads to the canonical massive Dirac field. The second sum rule is valid for a tachyonic mass term and leads to a natural suppression of the right-handed helicity states for tachyonic particles, and lefthanded helicity states for tachyonic spin-1/2 antiparticles. When applied to neutrinos, the theory contains a free tachyonic mass parameter. Tachyons are known to be repulsed by gravity. We discuss a possible role of a tachyonic neutrino as a contribution to the accelerated expansion of the Universe ("dark

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energy").

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