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器件制备及器件物理

梯度掺杂对n型异质结太阳能电池性能的影响

崔冬萌¹, 贾锐¹, 丁武昌¹, 张烨², A. W. Weeber², 宋世庚³

1. 中国科学院 微电子研究所, 北京 100029;

2. 荷兰国家能源研究中心, 佩腾 荷兰;

3. 西苏格兰大学 薄膜研究中心, 英国

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摘要: 通过仿真软件AFORS-HET对a-Si:H(p)/i-a-Si:H/c-Si(n)异质结太阳能电池的光伏特性进行分析及优化, 主要对比了a-Si:H(p)层的均匀掺杂和表面掺杂浓度 $D_1=1\times10^{20}\text{ cm}^{-3}$ 与界面掺杂浓度 $D_2=4\times10^{19}\text{ cm}^{-3}$ 的梯度掺杂情况时的光伏特性, 实现了在梯度掺杂时22.32%的光电转换效率。与均匀梯度掺杂相比, 发射层的梯度掺杂除了引入一个附加电场, 还优化了能带结构、光谱响应、表面复合速率。结果表明, 梯度掺杂可以有效地改善电池的光电转换性能。

关键词: 梯度掺杂 光伏特性 能带结构 AFORS-HET

Enhanced Photovoltaic Properties of n-type HIT Solar Cell by Gradient Doping

CUI Dong-meng¹, JIA Rui¹, DI NG Wu-chang¹, ZHANG-Steenwinkel mw Y², A. W. Weeber², SONG Shi-qing³

1. Institute of Microelectronics of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100029, China;

2. ECN Solar Energy, P. O. X1, NL-1755 ZG, Petten, Netherlands;

3. Thin Film Research Centre of University of The West of Scotland, United Kingdom

Abstract: In this paper, the analyzed and optimized of photovoltaic properties of a-Si:H(p)/i-a-Si:H/c-Si(n) heterojunction solar cell are simulated by the AFORS-HET software. Mainly compared the a-Si:H(p) uniformly doped layer and the surface doping concentration $D_1=1\times10^{20}\text{ cm}^{-3}$ interface doping concentration $D_2=4\times10^{19}\text{ cm}^{-3}$ gradient doping case of photovoltaic properties. The photovoltaic properties comparative and optimized were simulated by the AFORS-HET software. The conversion efficiency can reach 22.32% by gradient doping. Compared with the uniform-doping mode, the gradient doping not only introduced an additional electric field, but also optimized the energy band, spectral response and recombination rate. The simulation results show that the gradient doping can improve the photovoltaic performance of the solar cells efficiently.

Keywords: gradient doping photovoltaic performance band structure AFORS-HET

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通讯作者: 贾锐

作者简介: 崔冬萌(1984—), 女, 吉林长春人, 主要从事太阳能电池的研究。 E-mail: 2007_cdm_1108@sina.com, Tel: (010) 82995805

作者Email: jiarui@ime.ac.cn

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