

**论文****基于变长Turbo码的低复杂度联合信源信道译码**陈绍宏<sup>1</sup>, 张灿<sup>1,2</sup>, 涂国防<sup>1</sup>, 霍岳恒<sup>1</sup>1. 中国科学院研究生院信息科学与工程学院, 北京 100049;  
2. 中国科学院研究生院信息安全国家重点实验室, 北京 100049**摘要:**

基于变长Turbo码的联合信源信道译码通过构造联合译码平面网格图,具有比比特级译码更好的性能.但平面网格图复杂,使变长Turbo码译码复杂度高.基于此,构造了一个空间网格图,提出基于变长Turbo码的低复杂度联合信源信道译码方法.仿真结果表明,该算法比平面网格图计算复杂度减少约3.8%,在SER(symbol error ratio)为 $10^{-4}$ 时,获得 $E_b/N_0$ 增益约为0.2dB.

**关键词:** 联合信源信道编译码 变长Turbo码 空间网格图 VLS-APP

**Low-complexity joint source-channel decoding based on variable length encoded Turbo codes**

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2. State Key Laboratory of Information Security, Beijing 100049, China**Abstract:**

Variable length encoded Turbo codes (VL Turbo codes) with constructed joint decoding plane trellis has better decoding performance than the bit-level decoding algorithm. However the plane trellis is complicated, resulting in a high decoding complexity of VL Turbo codes. We construct a space trellis and propose a low-complexity JSCL approach based on VL Turbo codes. Simulation results show that the proposed approach reduces the decoding complexity by 3.8%, compared to the plane trellis, and the gain of  $E_b/N_0$  is about 0.2dB at SER=10<sup>-4</sup>.

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