



有元素类型约束的k-划分问题研究

任庆娟^{1,2}, 许保光²1. 中国科学技术大学
2. 中国科学院科技政策与管理科学研究所

k-partitioning problem with items' type restriction

REN Qingjuan^{1,2}, XU Baoguang²

1. Department of Management, University of Science and Technology of China 2. Institute of Policy and Management, Chinese Academy of Sciences

- 摘要
- 参考文献
- 相关文章

[Download: PDF \(343KB\)](#) [HTML \(1KB\)](#) [Export: BibTeX or EndNote \(RIS\)](#) [Supporting Info](#)

摘要 研究有元素类型约束且每个元素权重为正数的k-集合划分问题, 元素类型约束指k-划分后每个集合所包含的元素的类型均不同. 该问题是k-划分问题(k-partitioning problem)的一个拓展, 在一人可拥有多技能执照的行业有广泛的应用背景. 提出基于LPT算法思想的贪婪算法, 并得出以下结论: $k \leq 2$, 该算法给出最优解; $k > 2$, 最坏情况下的性能比为 $2-m^{-1}$, 这里m指待分配集合的数量.

关键词: [k-划分问题](#) [元素类型约束](#) [LPT](#) [最坏情况性能比](#)

Abstract: We consider a k-partitioning problem with items' type restriction. Items' type restriction means each set containing k distinct types' items. This problem is in fact an extended k-partitioning problem, and has a wide application in the industry where one person can hold multi-skill licenses. For solving it we propose a greedy algorithm and obtain the following conclusions: $k \leq 2$, greedy algorithm get an optimal solution; $k > 2$, the performance ratio is $2-m^{-1}$.

Keywords: [k-partitioning problem](#), [items' type restriction](#), [LPT](#), [worst-case performance ratio](#)

收稿日期: 2011-12-26; 出版日期: 2012-09-18

通讯作者 任庆娟 Email: rqj21@126.com

引用本文:

任庆娟, 许保光 .有元素类型约束的k-划分问题研究[J] 运筹学学报, 2012,V16(3): 93-99

REN Qing-Juan, XU Bao-Guang .k-partitioning problem with items' type restriction[J] OR TRANSACTIONS, 2012,V16(3): 93-99

链接本文:

http://202.120.127.195/shu_ycxxb/CN/ 或 http://202.120.127.195/shu_ycxxb/CN/Y2012/V16/I3/93

Service

- ▶ 把本文推荐给朋友
- ▶ 加入我的书架
- ▶ 加入引用管理器
- ▶ Email Alert
- ▶ RSS

作者相关文章

- ▶ 任庆娟
- ▶ 许保光

[1] 中国民用航空局飞行标准司. 客舱服务员服务机型数量限制评审指南, 2010.

[2] Dell'Amico M., Martello S. Bounds for the cardinality constrained P|Cmax problem[J]. Journal of Scheduling, 2001, 4: 123-138.

[3] Baker K.R. Introduction to Sequencing and Scheduling [M]. Wiley, New York, 1974, ISBN: 0471045551.

[4] Graham R.L. Bounds on Multiprocessing Timing Anomalies [J]. SIAM Journal on Applied Mathematics, 1969, 17(2): 416-429.

[5] Feo T., Goldschmidit O., Khellaf M. One-Half Approximation Algorithms for the k-Partition Problem[J]. Operations Research, 1992, 40(1): S170-S173.

[6] Babel L., Kellerer H., Kotov V. The k-partitioning problem[J]. Mathematical Methods of Operations Research, 1998, 47(1): 59-82.

[7] He Y., Tan Z.Y., Zhu J., Yao E. K-Partitioning problems for Maximizing the Minimum Load[J]. Computers and Mathematics with Applications, 2003, 46: 1671-1681.

[8] Wu B., Yao E. K-Partitioning problems with partition matroid constraint[J]. Theoretical Computer Science, 2007, 374: 41-48.

[9] Kellerer H., Woeginger G. A tight bound for 3-partitioning[J]. Discrete Applied Mathematics, 1993, 45: 249-259.

- [10] Michiel W., Korst J., Aarts E., Leeuwen J. Performance ratios for the differencing method applied to balanced number partition problem[J]. In Symposium on Theoretical Aspects of Computer Science, 2003, 583-595.
- [11] Zhang J.L., Kyriacos M, HweeHwa P. Heuristic Algorithms for Balanced Multi-Way Number Partitioning[J]. Proceeding of the Twenty-Second International Joint Conference on Artificial Intelligence, 2011, 693-698.
- [12] Dell'Amico M., Lori M., Martello S. Heuristic algorithms and scatter search for the cardinality constrained $P \mid |C_{max}|$ problem [J]. Journal of Heuristics, 2004, 169-204. 
- [13] Chi Z., Wang G., Liu X., Liu J. Approximating scheduling machines with capacity constraints[J]. in: Proceedings of the Third International Frontiers of Algorithmic Workshop, 2009, 283-292.
- [14] Saha B., Srinivasan A. A new approximation technique for resource-allocation problems[J]. in: Proceedings of the First Annual Symposium on Innovations in Computer Science, 2010, 342-357. 
- [15] Kellerer H., Kotov V. A $3/2$ -approximation algorithm for k_i -partitioning[J]. Operations Research letters, 2011, 39: 359-362.

没有找到本文相关文献