



卷期页码: 第26卷 第3期 (2005年3月) P. 281

文章编号: 1000-0887(2005)03-0281-06

张量封闭模型与三维取向分布对纤维悬浮槽流稳定性的影响

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摘要: 应用3种不同的纤维方向张量封闭模型, 数值模拟了纤维悬浮槽流的流动稳定性问题, 从而研究封闭模型和纤维的三维取向分布对稳定性分析的影响. 结果发现, 采用3种不同封闭模型所得到的流动稳定特性与纤维参数之间的关系是相同的, 但采用三维混合封闭模型时, 由于纤维的取向与流向的偏差程度较大, 所以纤维对流动的不稳定性具有最强的抑制作用. 而采用二维混合封闭模型时, 由于纤维在平面取向条件下, 其轴线整体上趋于呈流向排列, 使得对流体的作用削弱, 导致纤维对流动不稳定性抑制的作用最弱.

关键词: 纤维悬浮流; 流动稳定性; 槽流; 封闭模型; 纤维取向
中图分类号: 0373

收稿日期: 2003-10-09

修订日期: 2004-11-27

基金项目: 国家自然科学基金资助项目(10372090)

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