

# The MIT Press

**Journals** 

Books Journals

Digital

Resources

About

Sign In / Register



Home | Computational Linguistics | List Article navigation of Issues | Volume 39, No. 4 | Divisible Transition Systems and Multiplanar Dependency Parsing



Quarterly (March, June, September, December)

160pp. per issue

6 3/4 x 10

Founded: 1974

2018 Impact Factor: 1.319

2018 Google

Scholar h5-index:

32

ISSN: 0891-2017

E-ISSN: 1530-9312

# Journal Resources

Editorial Info Abstracting and Indexing Release Schedule Advertising Info

# Author Resources

Submission Guidelines Publication Agreement

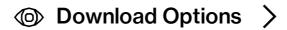
# Divisible Transition Systems and Multiplanar Dependency Parsing

# Carlos Gómez-Rodríguez and Joakim Nivre

Posted Online November 20, 2013 https://doi.org/10.1162/COLI a 00150

© 2013 Association for Computational Linguistics

Computational Linguistics Volume 39 | Issue 4 | December 2013 p.799-845



### **Abstract Full Text Authors**

Transition-based parsing is a widely used approach for dependency parsing that combines high efficiency with expressive feature models. Many different transition systems have been proposed, often formalized in slightly different frameworks. In this article, we show that a large number of the known systems for projective

#### **Author Reprints**

## Reader Resources

Rights and **Permissions** Most Read Most Cited

More About Computational Linguistics





Total

citations

5 Recent

citations

2.24 Field Citation

Ratio

n/a Relative

Citation Ratio

#### **Open Access**



Computational Linquistics Computational Linquistics is Open Access. All content is freely available in electronic format (Full text HTML, PDF, and PDF Plus) to readers across the

dependency parsing can be viewed as variants of the same stack-based system with a small set of elementary transitions that can be composed into complex transitions and restricted in different ways. We call these systems divisible transition systems and prove a number of theoretical results about their expressivity and complexity. In particular, we characterize an important subclass called efficient divisible transition systems that parse planar dependency graphs in linear time. We go on to show, first, how this system can be restricted to capture exactly the set of planar dependency trees and, secondly, how the system can be generalized to k-planar trees by making use of multiple stacks. Using the first known efficient test for k-planarity, we investigate the coverage of k-planar trees in available dependency treebanks and find a very good fit for 2-planar trees. We end with an experimental evaluation showing that our 2planar parser gives significant improvements in parsing accuracy over the corresponding 1planar and projective parsers for data sets with non-projective dependency trees and performs on a par with the widely used arc-eager pseudoprojective parser.

## **Forthcoming**

#### Most Read

See More

**Lexicon-Based** Methods for Sentiment Analysis Deep Learning (13965 times) Maite Taboada et al. Computational Linguistics Volume: 37, Issue: 2, pp.

**6** Computational Linguistics and (10500 times) Christopher D. Manning Computational Linguistics Volume: 41, Issue: 4, pp. 701-707

Near-Synonymy and Lexical Choice (3653 times) Philip Edmonds et Computational Linguistics Volume: 28, Issue: 2, pp. 105-144

(Note that the Most Read numbers are based on the number of full text downloads over the last 12 months.)

Most Cited

267-307

See More

globe. All articles are published under a CC **BY-NC-ND** 4.0 license. For more information on allowed uses, please view the CC license. Support OA at MITP

Lexicon-Based Methods for (436 times) Maite Taboada et Computational Linguistics

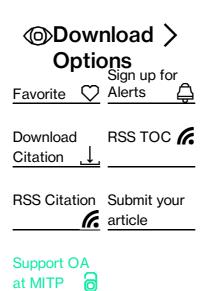
Sentiment Analysis Various Statistical **Alignment Models** (174 times) Franz Josef Och et al. Computational Volume: 37, Issue: 2, pp. Linguistics 267-307 Volume: 29, Issue: 1, pp.

opinion Word **Expansion and** Target Extraction through Double Propagation (147 times) Guang Qiu et al. Computational Linquistics Volume: 37, Issue: 1, pp.

(Note that the Most Cited numbers are based on Crossref's Cited-by service and reflect citation information for the past 24 months.)

**5** A Systematic

Comparison of





Site Help