## Biology of Sport

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## Journal Abstract

Physiological responses to graded exercise test in youths with spastic tetraplegia subjected to upper extremity training
E Klimek-Piskorz, C Piskorz
Biol Sport 2006; 23 (3):
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The aim of the study was to assess the effects of exercise therapy of moderate intensity on cardiorespiratory functions in youths suffering from tetraplegia in cerebral palsy. Eight schoolboys, aged $17.5 \pm 0.3$ years, suffering from spastic tetraplegia were studied. They were subjected to graded cycle ergometer exercise, adapted for upper extremities, until exhaustion. The following variables were recorded: tolerated load, total work output and cardiorespiratory indices. Exercise therapy lasted two weeks and consisted of cycle ergometer arm exercises at a load equal to 75\% HRmax. Every session lasted 20 min, once daily. Mean maximal oxygen uptake increased from 26.4 to $35.9 \mathrm{ml} \cdot \mathrm{kg}-1$ and minute ventilation at maximum load from 48.0 to 68.0 breaths . min-1, all differences being significant ( $p<0.01$ ).In conclusion, the therapy brought about a marked increase in power output, from $1.69 \mathrm{~W} \cdot \mathrm{~kg}-1$ to $2.28 \mathrm{~W} \cdot \mathrm{~kg}-1$ (pre- and post-training, respectively), evidencing improvements in mechanical conditions of muscle work and in aerobic capacity.

ICID 890841

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