



美国研究

标题:

作者:

关键词:

《美国研究》2000年秋季号PDF版全文

作 者:	资中筠等	封面:	
关键字:	2000年秋季号		
年 号:	2000		
期 号:	第3期		
PDF文件:	点击查看PDF文件		
出版社:			
英文标题:	AMERICAN STUDIES, Fall 2000, Vol. 14, No. 3		
中文标题:	《美国研究》2000年秋季号PDF版全文		

[\(全文见PDF版\)](#)

美国研究

季刊2000年第3期

AMERICAN STUDIES

第14卷9月5日出版

追根溯源：对美国对华政策(1945-1950)

的再思考资中筠(7)

微软垄断案解析胡国成 (21)

美国银行业经营与管理模式的变化

动因分析李志辉 (42)

威胁评估、国内政治与冷战后美国的

导弹防御政策樊吉社 (66)

美国冷战史学的变迁与杜勒斯研究石斌 (89)

论美国司法独立的确立(114)

○书评·文评

通向自由和繁荣之路赵梅(132)

——读《冷眼向洋：百年风云启示录》

希望的历史，历史的希望熊志勇(142)

——读《中美关系史1949-1972》

对外政策的国际根源苏长和(148)

——读《霸权体系与国际冲突》

○著述巡礼(156)

编后(160)

本期责任编辑：赵梅

本杂志刊登的论文在美国Historical Abstracts and America:
History and Life上登有摘要和索引。

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中华美国学会

中国社会科学院美国研究所

主管单位中国社会科学院

印刷装订北京怀柔新华印刷厂

发行、订阅处中国社会科学院美国研究所

(100007北京张自忠路3号东院)

电子信箱 zhaomei@i.sc.cass.net.cn

刊号ISSN1002-8986

CN11-1170 / C

国外代号Q1122

国外发行中国国际图书贸易总公司北京399信箱

定价： 国内版5.00元

国际版3.00美元（邮费在外）

AMERICAN STUDIES

Fall 2000, Vol. 14, No. 3

ARTICLES

TRACING TO THE SOURCE: RECONSIDERATION OF

THE AMERICAN CHINA POLICY

(1945-1950) Zi Zhongyun(7)

The Sino U.S. relationship has again reached a crossroads. The origin of most

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the present issues can be traced back to U.S. policy towards China's civil war

in the late 1940s. Taiwan remains a thorny issue and, like half a century ago, U

.S. China policy is again a victim of U.S. internal politics. Despite the end of

the Cold War, the ideological factor still weighs heavily in U.S. China policy

considerations. After WWII, the belief of American omnipotence spurred ever deep

er U.S. involvement in China's civil war. Now this belief is to some extent emb

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died in the catchword "American leadership," which means to change the world i

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America's own image. The United States started by aiming at the goodwill of t

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Chinese people and ended up in provoking ill feelings. Now that a variety of n

w factors have emerged in Sino-U.S. relations, the wisdom of those who are in a

position to influence the course of events may play a decisive role.

AN ANALYSIS OF THE CASE OF MICROSOFT

MONOPOLYHu Guocheng (21)

Owing to its violation of the federal anti-trust laws, Microsoft, a software
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nate, was sentenced in the first trial to breaking up into two firms. People f
ee

I puzzled about the federal government's practice that encourages merger of b
ig

companies on the one hand but sued Microsoft for monopoly on the other. Throug
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an analysis of the case of monopoly against Microsoft and American federal ant
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trust laws, the article provides an explanation. It argues that the reason why
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icrosoft was convicted of monopoly was not its status of monopoly in the marke
t

of computer operating systems, but its abuse of the monopolistic power by usin
g

unfair means of competition against others.

AN ANALYSIS ON THE CHANGES IN THE MANAGEMENT

AND ADMINISTRATION OF AMERICAN

BANKSLi Zhi hui (42)

In 1998-1999, two major events highlighted the remarkable changes in American
co

mmercial banks. The first was the merge of Citicorp and Travelers Group into o
ne

of the largest American financial groups. The second was Congress' adoption o
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the Modernization of Financial Service Act in November 1999 that discards the di
vision in administering banking businesses by trades and encourages joint mana
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ment of banks, securities, and insurances. The article analyzes major changes
in
the environment for the management of American commercial competition among ba
n
ks. It identifies financial innovations, government deregulation, asset securi
ti
zation, financial globalization, and technological advances as the major cause
s
of these changes.

THREAT ASSESSMENT, DOMESTIC POLITICS,
AND POST COLD WAR U.S. POLICY FOR
MISSILE DEFENSE Fan Ji she (66)

The U.S. government has declared time and again that its ballistic missile def
en
se policy is based on four elements: missile threat assessment, technical feas
ib
ility, cost effectiveness, and impact on arms control agreements. However, th
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m
ost crucial factors in making post Cold War U.S. missile defense policy are m
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ile threat assessment and domestic partisan politics. The article examines U.

S.

assessment of missile threat, the role of domestic partisan politics, and the influence of the interactions of the two factors on U.S. missile defense policy.

fluence of the interactions of the two factors on U.S. missile defense policy.

CHANGES IN THE AMERICAN HISTORIOGRAPHY

OF THE COLD WAR AND THE RESEARCH

ON JOHN F. DULLES

For over forty years, U.S. scholars' studies of American foreign policy in the

E

isenhower period have undergone the evolution from "traditionalism" to "revisionism"

ion

ism" and to "post revisionism," and these historiographic schools of thought

ught

have influenced the study of John F. Dulles too. Traditionalists held that Dulles

es was the major decision maker and implementer of American foreign policy; revisionists

sionists regarded Dwight D. Eisenhower as a very important decision maker; and post

ost revisionists revised and summed up these two views, by using newly declassified

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ied documents. With the availability of new materials, the research has become more

ore thoroughgoing. Meanwhile, many questions are worth reassessment, such as the

overall Cold War strategy of Dulles and the relationship between "peaceful evolution" and "peaceful change."

olution" and "peaceful change."

ON THE ESTABLISHMENT OF JUDICIAL

INDEPENDENCE Bai Xuefeng(114)

This article analyzes the process of establishing judicial independence and seeks

its profound historical origins in the colonial period, the revolutionary and

confederate period, and the period in which the Constitution was drawn and the

federal government was just founded. It shows that judicial independence was a

result of the anti autocratic struggle of the American people and a strong safeguard

and for the successful workings of the U.S. system of checks and balances.

REVIEWS

THE WAY LEADING TO FREEDOM AND PROSPERITY:

COMMENTS ON LOOK AT THE WORLD WITH

A COLD EYE: THE REVELATIONS OF THE UPS AND

DOWNS OVER A HUNDRED YEARS

BY ZI ZHONGYUN ET AL Zhao Mei (132)

THE HISTORY OF HOPES AND THE HOPES OF HISTORY:

A REVIEW OF THE HISTORY OF SINO U.S. RELATIONS

1949-1972 Xi ong Zhi yong(142)

THE INTERNATIONAL ROOTS OF FOREIGN POLICY:

A REVIEW OF HEGEMONIC SYSTEM AND

INTERNATIONAL CONFLICTS Su Changhe(148)

NEW BOOKS(156)

EDITOR'S NOTE

(160)

Articles appearing in this journal are abstracted and indexed in

HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS and AMERICA: HISTORY AND LIFE.

AMERICAN STUDIES, a quarterly, is published jointly by the Chinese

Association for American Studies and the Institute of American

Studies at the Chinese Academy of Social Sciences. The content of the

articles in this journal should not be construed as reflecting the

views of either the Association or the Institute.