

Agricultural Journals

AGRICULTURAL ECONOMIC

Zemědělská ekonomi

home page about us contact

Table of Contents

US

IN PRESS AGRICECON 2014 **AGRICECON** 2013 AGRICECON 2012 **AGRICECON** 2011 **AGRICECON** 2010 **AGRICECON** 2009 AGRICECON 2008 **AGRICECON** 2007 **AGRICECON**

AGRICECON 2005 AGRICECON 2004 AGRICECON 2003 AGRICECON 2002 AGRICECON Home

Editorial Board

For Authors

- Authors
 Declaration
- Instruction to Authors
- Guide for Authors
- Copyright
 Statement
- Submission

For Reviewers Reviewers Reviewers Login

Subscription

Agric. Econ. – Czech

Cieślik J., Badach E., Krasnodębski A.:

Purposefulness of more intensive supporting milk production in conditions of dispersed agriculture of southern Poland

Agric. Econ. – Czech, 57 (2011): 199-202

A disadvantageous tendency of resignin(

from milk production by small and medium sized farms has been observed in the recent years in the provinces of Southern Poland. It results from the low profitability of milk production on these farms and therefore the difficulties in reaching the income parity. It leads to a decline in the bovine population not compensated by an increase in the yield per animal and it poses a serious hazard to protecting the natural resources which is the function dairy farms perform in this region. The problem is serious since in the analyzed region, milk is acquired fror 75% of farms keeping herds of up to 10 cows. Moreover, grasslands constitute a notably high share in the arable land structure, and for maintaining them cow keeping is a crucial condition. Hitherto functioning system of EU payments proved insufficient; therefore the Polish government intends to provide an additional financial support for dairy farms. The authors intended to reason