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Economics

Nobel Prize in Physics Nobel Prize in Chemistry Nobel Prize in Medicine Nobel Prize in Literature Nobel Peace Prize By Year



## Friedrich August von Hayek

The Sveriges Riksbank Prize in Economic Sciences in Memory of Alfred Nobel 1974

## Curriculum Vitae

Born: May 8, 1899, Vienna, Austria (son of Dr. August von Hayek, Professor of Botany at the University of Vienna and Felicitas née Juraschek)

Education

1918-1921 Studies at University of Vienna 1921 Dr. jur., University of Vienna Dr. rer. pol, University of Vienna

March 1923 - Postgraduate work, New York University June 1924

Academic Appointments

1927-1931 Director, Österreichisches Institut für

Konjunkturforschung (Austrian Institute for

Trade Cycle Research)

1931-1950 Tooke Professor of Economic Science and

Statistics, University of London (London School

of Economics and Political Science)

1950-1962 Professor of Social and Moral Science,

University of Chicago

(Committee on Social Thought)

1962-1968 Professor der Volkwirtschaftslehre, Albert-

Ludwigs-Universität, Freiburg im Breisgau

At various dates, Visiting Professor at the Universities of Stanford, Arkansas, Virginia, California (Los Angeles), Cape Town and Salzburg

Honors and Fellowships

1944 Fellow, British Academy

Korrespondierendes Mitglied der Österreichischen 1970

Akademie der Wissenschaften

1972 Honorary Fellow, London School of Economics

**Honorary Degrees** 

Dr. jur. h.c., Rikkyo University, Tokyo 1964 1971 Ehrensenator der Universität Wien 1974 Dr. jur. h.c., Universität Salzburg

Others

1917-1918 War service, Austro-Hungarian Army (Italian

1921-1926 Legal Consultant, Austrian government, for

carrying out provisions of Peace Treaty

## **Books Published**

Geldtheorie und Konjunkturtheorie, Wien, 1929, also in English as Monetary Theory and the Trade Cycle, London, 1933, as well as in Spanish and Japanese translations.

Prices and Production, London, 1931, also in German, Chinese, French and Japanese translations.

Monetary Nationalism and International Stability, London, 1937.

Profits, Interest, and Investment, London 1939.

The Pure Theory of Capital, London, 1940, also in Japanese and Spanish translations.

The Road to Serfdom, London and Chicago, 1944, also in Chinese, Danish, Dutch, French, German, Italian, Japanese, Norwegian, Portuguese, Spanish and Swedish translations.

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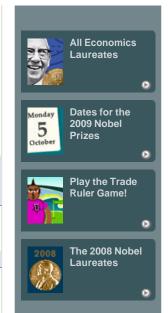
Press Release Presentation Speech

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Biography Prize Lecture

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*Individualism and Economic Order*, London and Chicago, 1949, also in German and an abridged Norwegian translation.

John Stuart Mill and Harriet Taylor, London and Chicago, 1951.

The Counter-Revolution of Science, Chicag, o 1952, also in German, Italian and an abridged French translation.

The Sensory Order, London and Chicago, 1952.

The Constitution of Liberty, London and Chicago, 1960, also in Spanish, German and Italian translations.

Studies in Philosophy, Politics, and Economics, London and Chicago, 1967.

Freiburger Studien, Tübingen 1969.

Law, Legislation and Liberty, vol. 1, Rules and Order, London and Chicago, 1973.

## Edited by F. A. Hayek

Beiträge zur Geldtheorie, Wien, 1931.

Collectivist Economic Planning, London, 1935, also in French and Italian translations. Capitalism and the Historians, London and Chicago, 1954, also in Italian translation.

From *Nobel Lectures, Economics 1969-1980*, Editor Assar Lindbeck, World Scientific Publishing Co., Singapore, 1992

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Friedrich August von Hayek died on March 23, 1992.

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