



Books Conferences News About Us Home Journals Job: Home > Journal > Business & Economics | Earth & Environmental Sciences > LCE Open Special Issues Indexing View Papers Aims & Scope Editorial Board Guideline Article Processing Charges Published Special Issues LCE> Vol.2 No.2, June 2011 • Special Issues Guideline OPEN ACCESS LCE Subscription Energy Efficiency Regulation and R&D Activity: A Study of the Top Runner Program in Japan Most popular papers in LCE PDF (Size: 138KB) PP. 91-98 DOI: 10.4236/lce.2011.22012 About LCE News Author(s) Mitsutsugu Hamamoto Frequently Asked Questions **ABSTRACT** The Top Runner Program, a new approach to enhancing the energy efficiency of appliances and vehicles, Recommend to Peers has been in-troduced in Japan. In this paper an empirical analysis of the impact of the program and the labeling systems on firms' R&D efforts is carried out. The results show that the Top Runner Program and Recommend to Library the labeling system for appliances led to increases in R&D expenditures by appliance producers. The program combined with the labeling system caused a 9.5% increase in appliance producers' R&D Contact Us expenditures. However, the Top Runner Program and the labeling system for motor vehicles had little or even a negative effect on the innovative activity of motor vehicle manufacturers. R&D ex-penditures by motor vehicle producers may have increased in response to the exhaust gas regulation for diesel-powered Downloads: 49,896 vehicles rather than the energy efficiency regulation. Visits: 141,744 **KEYWORDS** Top Runner Standards, Energy Efficiency, R&D Sponsors, Associates, ai Cite this paper Links >> M. Hamamoto, "Energy Efficiency Regulation and R&D Activity: A Study of the Top Runner Program in Japan," Low Carbon Economy, Vol. 2 No. 2, 2011, pp. 91-98. doi: 10.4236/lce.2011.22012. References A. B. Jaffe, R. G. Newell and R. N. Stavins, ' ' Technological Change and the Environment,' ' In: K. -G. Maler and J. R. Vincent, Eds., Handbook of Environmental Economics, Vol. 1, North-Holland,

- [1] Amsterdam, 2003, pp. 461-516.
- [2] R. N. Stavins, ' ' Experience with Market-Based Environmental Policy Instruments,' ' In: K. -G. Maler and J. R. Vincent, Eds., Handbook of Environmental Economics, vol. 1, North-Holland, Amsterdam, 2003, pp. 355-435.
- N. Stern, "The Economics of Climate Change: The Stern Review," Cambridge University Press, New [3] York, 2007.
- D. L. Greene, ' ' CAFE or price? An Analysis of the Effects of Federal Fuel Economy Regulations and [4] Gasoline Price on New Car Mpg, 1978-89,' ' Energy Journal, Vol. 11, No. 3, 1990, pp. 37-57.
- P. K. Goldberg, "The Effects of the Corporate Average Fuel Efficiency Standards in the US," Journal [5] of Industrial Economics, Vol. 46, No. 1, 1998, pp. 1-33. doi:10.1111/1467-6451.00059
- R. G. Newell, A. B. Jaffe and R. N. Stavins, "The Induced Innovation Hypothesis and Energy-Saving [6] Technological Change," Quarterly Journal of Economics, Vol. 114, No. 3, 1999, pp. 941-975. doi: 10.1162/003355399556188
- L. A. Greening, A. H. Sanstad and J. E. McMahon, ' ' Effects of Appliance Standards on Product Price [7] and Attributes: A Hedonic Pricing Model," Journal of Regulatory Economics, Vol. 11, No. 2, 1997, pp. 181-194. doi: 10.1023/A: 1007906300039
- A. S. Bellas, ' ' Empirical Evidence of Advances in Scrubber Technology,' ' Resource and Energy [8]

- Economics, Vol. 20, No. 4, 1998, pp. 327-343. doi:10.1016/S0928-7655(97)00039-0
- [9] I. Lange and A. Bellas, ' ' Technological Change for Sulfur Dioxide Scrubbers under Market-Based Regulation,' ' Land Economics, Vol. 81, No. 4, 2005, pp. 546-556.
- [10] D. Popp, ' ' Pollution Control Innovations and the Clean Air Act of 1990,' ' Journal of Policy Analysis and Management, Vol. 22, 2003, pp. 641-660. doi:10.1002/pam.10159
- [11] K. Palmer, W. E. Oates and P. R. Portney, "Tightening Environmental Standards: The Benefit-Cost or the No-Cost Paradigm?" Journal of Economic Perspectives, Vol. 9, No. 4, 1995, pp. 119-132.
- [12] M. E. Porter and C. van der Linde, "Toward a New Conception of the Environment-Competitiveness Relationship," Journal of Economic Perspectives, Vol. 9, No. 4, 1995, pp. 97-118.
- [13] R. D. Simpson and R. L. Bradford III, "Taxing Variable Cost: Environmental Regulation as Industrial Policy," Journal of Environmental Economics and Management, Vol. 30, No. 3, 1996, pp. 282-300. doi:10.1006/jeem.1996.0019
- [14] A. B. Jaffe and K. Palmer, " Environmental Regulation and Innovation: A Panel Data Study," Review of Economics and Statistics, Vol. 79, No. 4, 1997, pp. 610-619. doi:10.1162/003465397557196
- [15] S. B. Brunnermeier and M. A. Cohen, "Determinants of Environmental Innovation in US Manufacturing Industries," Journal of Environmental Economics and Management, Vol. 45, No. 2, 2003, pp. 278-293. doi:10.1016/S0095-0696(02)00058-X
- [16] M. Hamamoto, "Environmental Regulation and the Productivity of Japanese Manufacturing Industries," Resource and Energy Economics, Vol. 28, No. 4, 2006, pp. 299-312. doi:10.1016/j.reseneeco.2005.11.001
- [17] W. M. Cohen, "Empirical Studies of Innovative Activity," In: P. Stoneman, Ed., Handbook of the Economics of Innovation and Technological Change, Blackwell, Oxford, 1995, pp. 182-264.
- [18] W. M. Cohen, R. C. Levin and D. C. Mowery, "Firm Size and R&D Intensity: A Re-Examination,"