

中南大学学报

JOURNAL OF CENTRAL SOUTH UNIVERSITY

社会科学版 SOCIAL SCIENCE EDITION

中国人文社科学报核心期刊 全国百强社科学报

+ 全文浏览

中南大学学报(社会科学版) ZHONGNAN DAXUE XUEBAO(SHEHUI KEXUE BAN) 2008年02月第14卷第一期

本文已被: 浏览193次 下载70次

 [PDF全文下载]

文章编号: 1672-3104(2008)01-0063-04

《德意志意识形态》的解放理论研究

曹健华, 金晓燕

(邵阳学院, 湖南邵阳, 422001; 中共湖南省委党校, 湖南长沙, 410006)

摘要: 在《德意志意识形态》中, 马克思通过对旧式分工的批判和合理分工形式的阐述;对“抽象的人”的批判和现实的个人以及现实的人类解放的探索;对以往共同体形式的批判和自由人联合体的论述;以及对以往的解放运动的批判和共产主义解放运动的号召, 说明了人类解放道路何以可能和如何展开。

关键字: 马克思; 《德意志意识形态》; 分工; 现实的人; 自由人联合体; 共产主义运动

Research of liberation theory on the German ideology

CAO Jianhua, JIN Xiaoyan

(College of ShaoYang, Shaoyang 422001, China; Hunan Provincial Party College of CPC, Changsha 410006, China)

Abstract: In The German Ideology, Karl Marx realized the theory and practice unification of emancipation of mankind in four ways: to criticize the old-style division of labor and elaborate the rational division of labor form; to criticize the "abstract person" and explore the realistic person and the emancipation of mankind; to criticize the former liberation movement and systematically elaborate the summons of communism liberation movement, which expounded the possibility human emancipation and how to realize the emancipation.

KeyWords: Marx; the German Ideology; Division of labor; Realistic person; Freeman association; Communism movement